

Tutorial on Machine Learning Environments

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Agenda

- **Weka** - Using the Explorer GUI
- Programming basics in **Java** using **Weka**
- Programming basics in **Python** using **Scikit-learn**
- Other options

Weka

What is Weka?

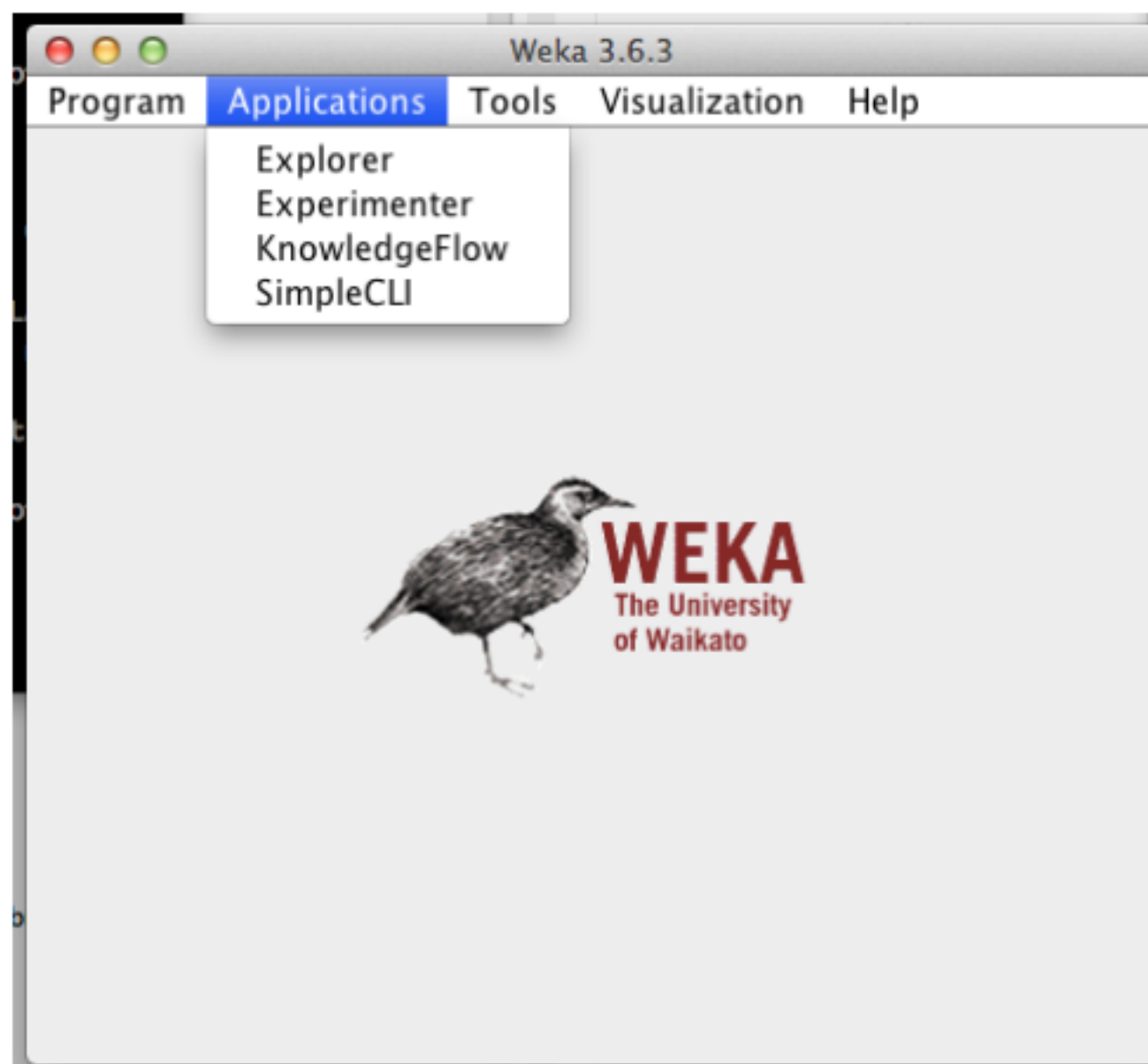


- **Weka is a collection of machine learning algorithms for data mining tasks.**
- **The algorithms can either be:**
 - applied directly to a dataset
 - called from your own Java code.
- **Weka contains tools for:**
 - data pre-processing
 - classification
 - regression
 - clustering
 - association rules
 - visualization.
- **Weka is well-suited for developing new machine learning schemes**

Running Weka

- **From command line**

- `java -Xmx13g -classpath "./weka.jar" weka.gui.Main`



Weka ARFF file format

```
%  
% 5. Number of Instances: 150 (50 in each of three classes)  
%  
% 6. Number of Attributes: 4 numeric, predictive attributes and the class  
%  
% 7. Attribute Information:  
%   1. sepal length in cm  
%   2. sepal width in cm  
%   3. petal length in cm  
%   4. petal width in cm  
%   5. class:  
%      -- Iris Setosa  
%      -- Iris Versicolour  
%      -- Iris Virginica  
%  
% 8. Missing Attribute Values: None  
%  
% Summary Statistics:  
%      Min  Max   Mean   SD   Class Correlation  
% sepal length: 4.3  7.9   5.84  0.83    0.7826  
% sepal width:  2.0  4.4   3.05  0.43   -0.4194  
% petal length:  1.0  6.9   3.76  1.76    0.9490 (high!)  
% petal width:  0.1  2.5   1.20  0.76    0.9565 (high!)  
%  
% 9. Class Distribution: 33.3% for each of 3 classes.  
  
@RELATION iris  
  
@ATTRIBUTE sepallength REAL  
@ATTRIBUTE sepalwidth  REAL  
@ATTRIBUTE petallength REAL  
@ATTRIBUTE petalwidth  REAL  
@ATTRIBUTE class       {Iris-setosa,Iris-versicolor,Iris-virginica}  
  
@DATA  
5.1,3.5,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa  
4.9,3.0,1.4,0.2,Iris-setosa
```

ProgramApplicationsToolsVisualizationWindowsHelp

Weka 3.6.3 - Explorer

Explorer

PreprocessClassifyClusterAssociateSelect attributesVisualize

Open file...Open URL...Open DB...Generate...UndoEdit...Save...

Filter

ChooseNoneApply

Current relation

Relation: hepatitisInstances: 155Attributes: 20

Attributes

AllNoneInvertPattern

No.	Name
1	AGE
2	SEX
3	STEROID
4	ANTIVIRALS
5	FATIGUE
6	MALaise
7	ANOREXIA
8	LIVER_BIG
9	LIVER_FIRM
10	SPLEEN_PALPABLE
11	SPIDERS
12	ASCITES
13	VARICES
14	BILIRUBIN
15	ALK_PHOSPHATE
16	SGOT
17	ALBUMIN
18	PROTIME
19	HISTOLOGY
20	Class

Remove

Selected attribute

Name: SEXMissing: 0 (0%)Distinct: 2Type: NominalUnique: 0 (0%)

No.	Label	Count
1	male	16
2	female	139

Class: Class (Nom)Visualize All

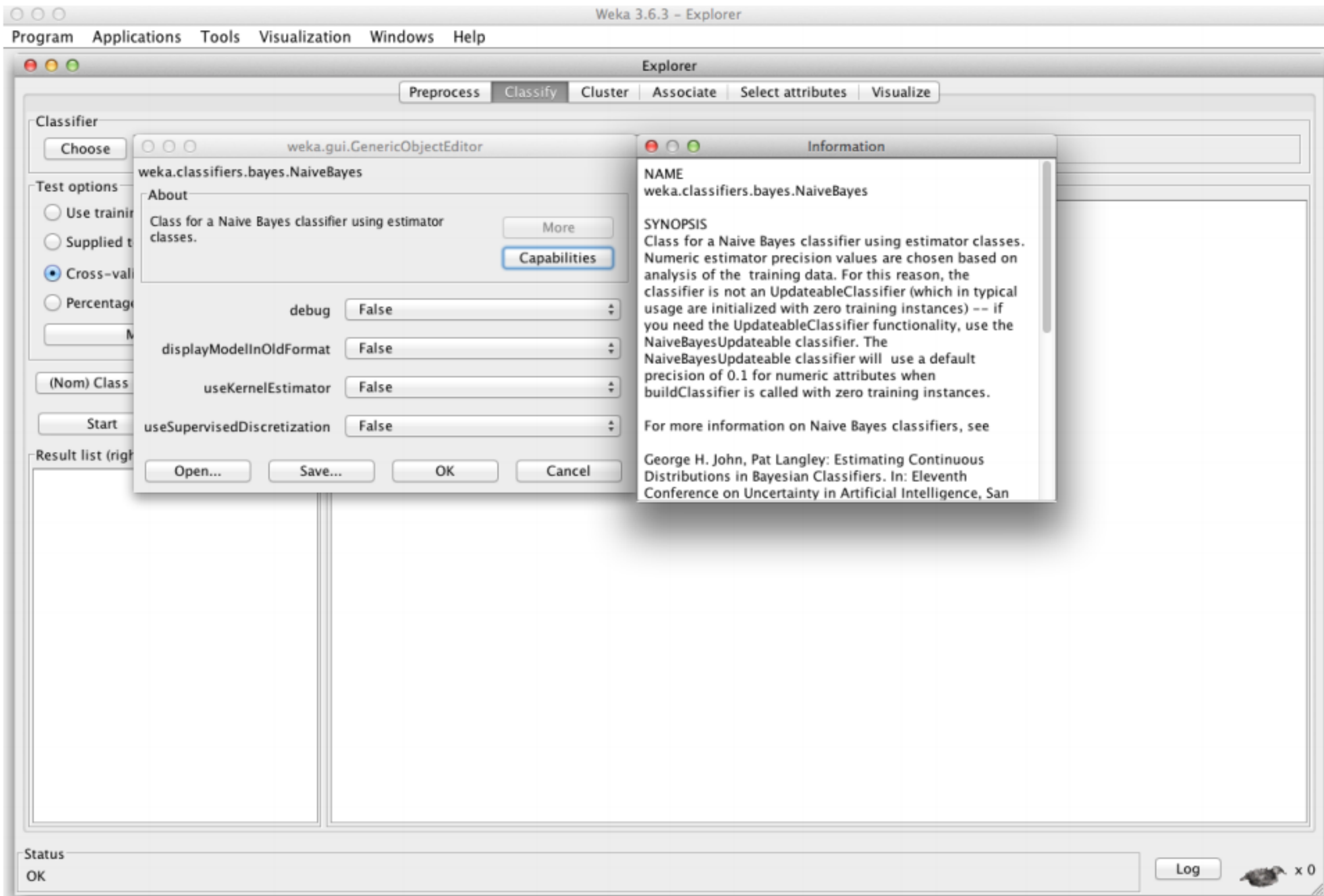
16

139

Status

OK

Log x 0



ProgramApplicationsToolsVisualizationWindowsHelp

Weka 3.6.3 - Explorer

PreprocessClassifyClusterAssociateSelect attributesVisualize

Classifier

ChooseNaiveBayes

Test options

☐ Use training set

☐ Supplied test set

☒ Cross-validation

☐ Percentage split

Set...

Folds10

%66

More options...

(Nom) Class

StartStop

Result list (right-click for options)

19:32:56 - bayes.NaiveBayes

Classifier output

precision7.63867.6386

ALBUMIN

mean3.14543.9791

std. dev.0.57970.5547

weight sum27112

precision0.15360.1536

PROTIME

mean43.281766.711

std. dev.16.428621.8107

weight sum1870

precision2.32562.3256

HISTOLOGY

no8.079.0

yes26.046.0

[total]34.0125.0

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

=== Stratified cross-validation ===

=== Summary ===

Correctly Classified Instances13184.5161 %

Incorrectly Classified Instances2415.4839 %

Kappa statistic0.5483

Mean absolute error0.1661

Root mean squared error0.3638

Relative absolute error50.3116 %

Root relative squared error89.8459 %

Total Number of Instances155

=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===

	TP Rate	FP Rate	Precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Class
	0.688	0.114	0.611	0.688	0.647	0.86	DIE
	0.886	0.313	0.916	0.886	0.901	0.86	LIVE
Weighted Avg.	0.845	0.271	0.853	0.845	0.848	0.86	

=== Confusion Matrix ===

a b <-- classified as

22 10 | a = DIE

14 109 | b = LIVE

StatusOK

Log x 0

ProgramApplicationsToolsVisualizationWindowsHelp

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PreprocessClassifyClusterAssociateSelect attributesVisualize

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More options...

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Start

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Result list (right-click for options)

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HISTOLOGY

no8.079.0

yes26.046.0

[total]34.0125.0

Time taken to build model: 0 seconds

====

13184.5161 %

2415.4839 %

0.5483

0.1661

0.3638

50.3116 %

89.8459 %

155

====

22 Rate 22 Rate

140.8880.888140.6110.6880.6470.86DIE

130.8880.888130.9160.8860.9010.86LIVE

1530.8880.8881530.8450.8480.86

====

14109b = LIVE

View in main window

View in separate window

Save result buffer

Delete result buffer

Load model

Save model

Re-evaluate model on current test set

Visualize classifier errors

Visualize tree

Visualize margin curve

Visualize threshold curve

Cost/Benefit analysis

Visualize cost curve

Visualize threshold curve

DIE

LIVE

Status

OK

Log

x 0

X: False Positive Rate (Num)

Y: True Positive Rate (Num)

Colour: Threshold (Num)

Select Instance

Reset

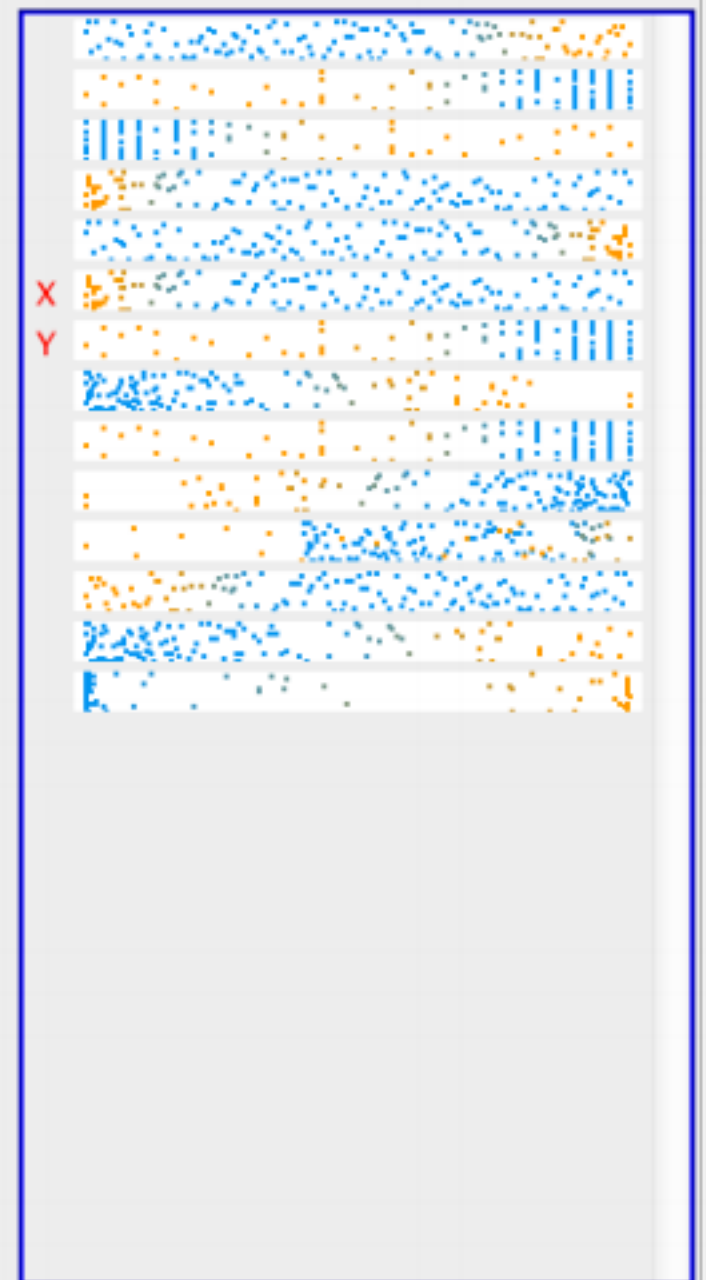
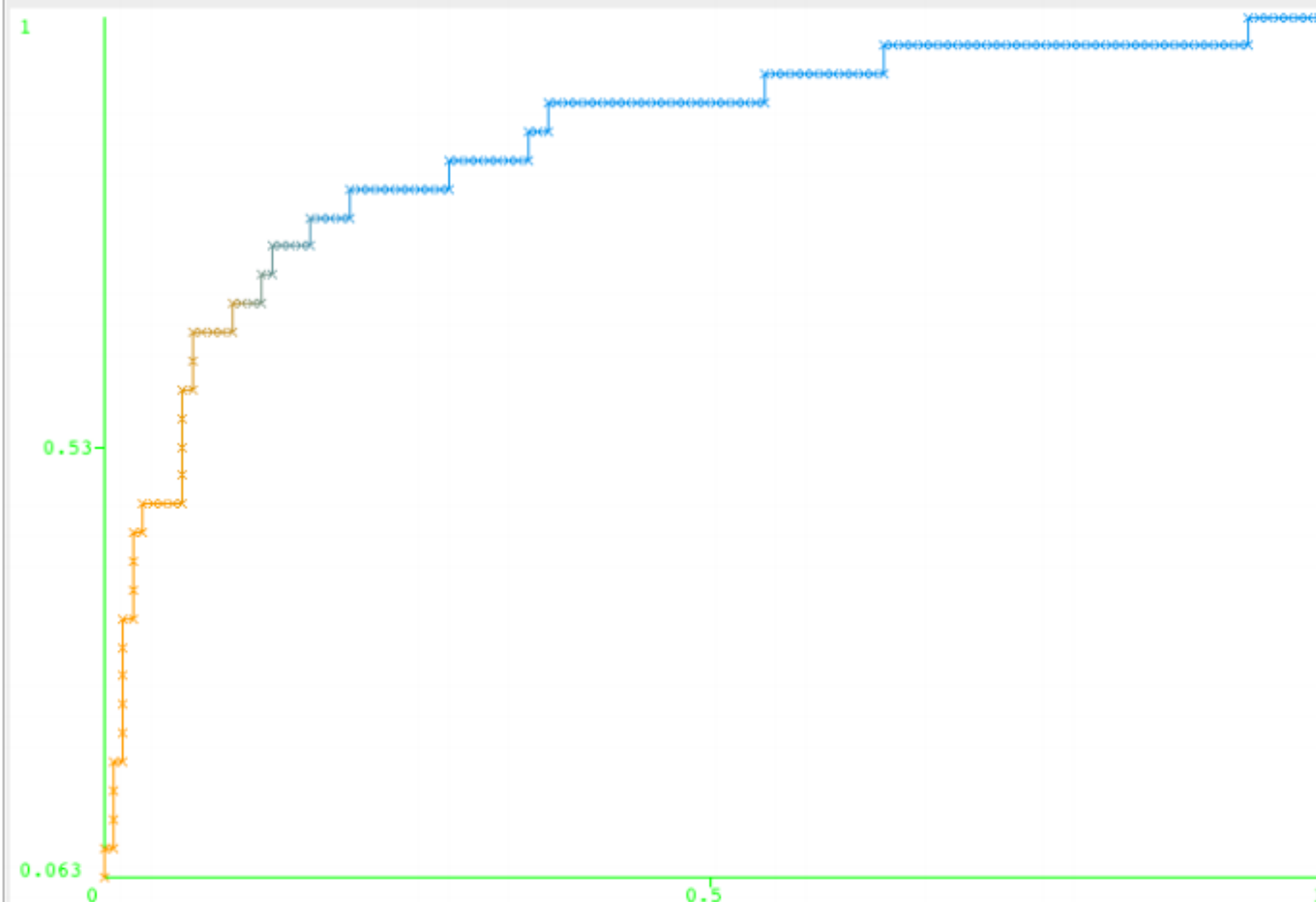
Clear

Open

Save

Jitter

Plot (Area under ROC = 0.8595)



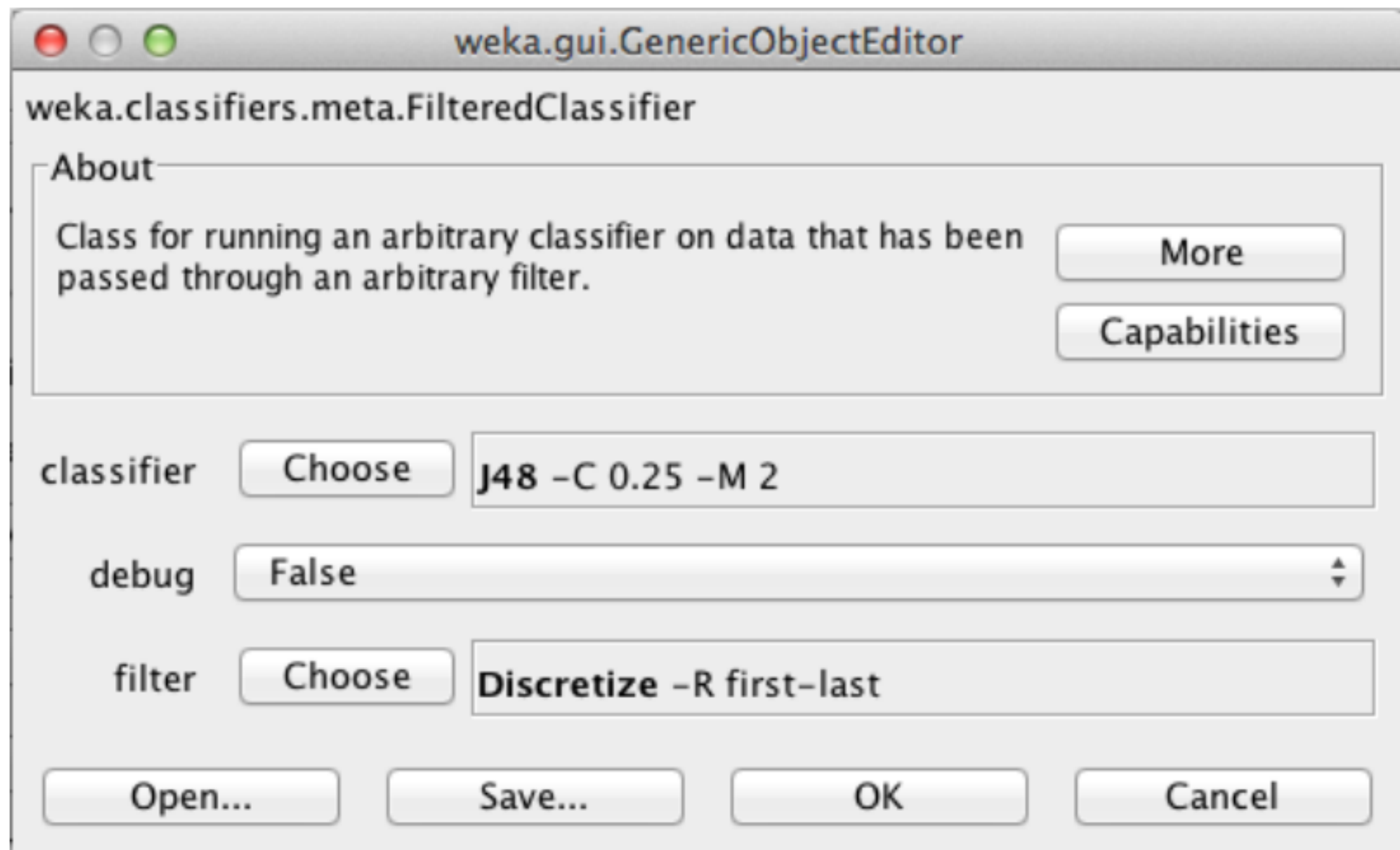
Class colour

0

0.5

1

Filtering data on-the-fly



ProgramApplicationsToolsVisualizationWindowsHelp

Weka 3.6.3 - Explorer

PreprocessClassifyClusterAssociateSelect attributesVisualize

Classifier

Choose

Test options

Use training set

Supplied test set

Cross-validation

Percentage split

(Nom) Class

Start

Result list (right-click to expand)

19:32:56 - bayesnet

weka.gui.GenericObjectEditor

weka.classifiers.functions.SMO

About

Implements John Platt's sequential minimal optimization algorithm for training a support vector classifier.

More

Capabilities

buildLogisticModelsTrue

c1.0

checksTurnedOffFalse

debugFalse

epsilon1.0E-12

filterTypeNormalize training data

kernelChoosePolyKernel -C 250007 -E 1.0

numFolds-1

randomSeed1

toleranceParameter0.0010

Open...Save...OKCancel

functions.supportVector.PolyKernel -C 250007 -E 1.0*

184.5161 %
415.4839 %
0.5483
0.1661
0.3638
0.3116 %
9.8459 %
5

precision	Recall	F-Measure	ROC Area	Class
0.11	0.688	0.647	0.86	DIE
0.16	0.886	0.901	0.86	LIVE
0.53	0.845	0.848	0.86	

==== CONFUSION MATRIX ====

a	b		<-- classified as
22	10		a = DIE
14	109		b = LIVE

StatusOK

Log x 0

Weka 3.6.3 - Explorer

Program Applications Tools Visualization Windows Help

Explorer

Preprocess Classify Cluster Associate Select attributes Visualize

Classifier

Choose

Test options

☐ Use training data

☐ Supplied test data

☒ Cross-validation

☐ Percentage split

(Nom) Class

Start

Result list (right-click to open)

19:32:56 - bayes.NaiveBayes

19:39:06 - functions.SMO

19:39:45 - functions.SMO

19:40:00 - functions.SMO

19:40:10 - functions.SMO

19:40:22 - functions.SMO

19:40:33 - functions.SMO

19:40:42 - functions.SMO

19:40:53 - functions.SMO

19:41:23 - trees.RandomForest

19:42:10 - trees.RandomForest

19:42:23 - trees.ADTTree

weka.gui.GenericObjectEditor

weka.classifiers.meta.FilteredClassifier

About

Class for running an arbitrary classifier on data that has been passed through an arbitrary filter.

More

Capabilities

classifier Choose NaiveBayes

debug False

filter Choose AttributeSelection -E "weka.attributeSelection.In

Open... Save... OK Cancel

weka.gui.GenericObjectEditor

weka.filters.supervised.attribute.AttributeSelection

About

A supervised attribute filter that can be used to select attributes.

More

Capabilities

evaluator Choose InfoGainAttributeEval

search Choose Ranker -T -1.7976931348623157E308 -N 10

Open... Save... OK Cancel

Time

=== S

=== S

Corre

Incor

Kappa

Mean

Root

Relat

Root

Total

=== D

Weight

=== C

a b <-- classified as

11 21 a = DIE

16 107 b = LIVE

Class

DIE

LIVE

Status

OK

Log

x 0

Weka GUI is useful for experimenting with data quickly; however, sometime you want to implement your own classifiers

Java preliminaries for implementing a classifier

- Object - Class, Object, etc.
- Inheritance
- Basic data types and structures
- If you are not familiar with Java. Follow this tutorial

<http://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/>

You have 2 options

- Stand alone-classifier that can be invoked from command line or within your application code
- Implement classifier to be used in the Weka Explorer

Base classes

- All Classifiers extends **weka.classifiers.Classifier**
 - Weka already includes some basic classifiers:
 - `weka.classifiers.bayes.NaiveBayes`
 - `weka.classifiers.tree`
 - etc..
- If you find that your classifier is going to be closely related to a certain Classifier, extends that classifier instead of the generic parent class Classifier.

If you choose to implement a classifier to be run in the weka explorer

- You must implement at least 3 public methods
 - **void buildClassifier(Instances data)**
 - **double classifyInstance(Instance instance)**
 - **String [] getOptions()**

```
import weka.core.Instance;
import weka.core.Instances;

/**
 *
 * @author txl252
 */
public class AClassifier extends weka.classifiers.Classifier {

    //Declare some parameters

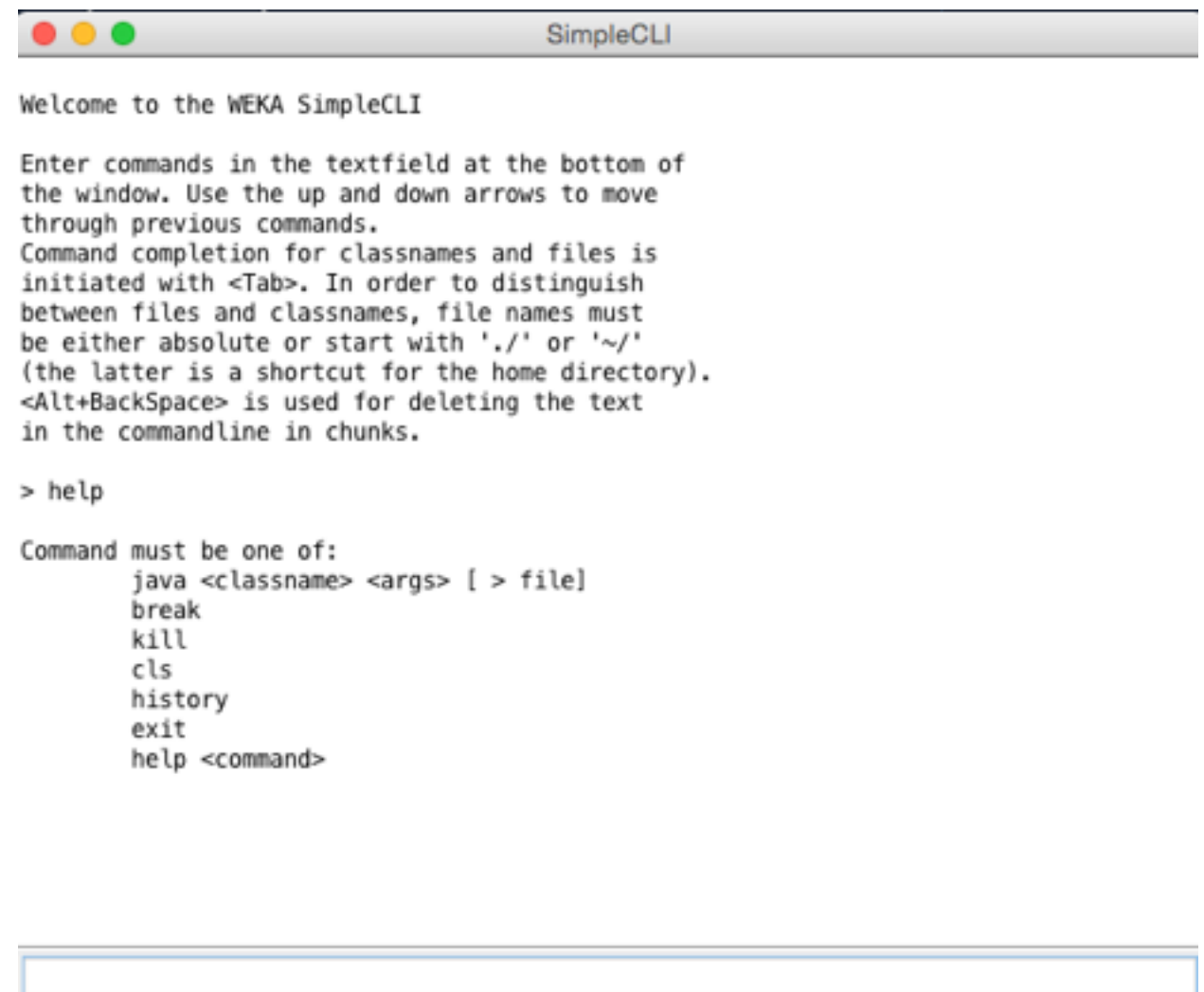
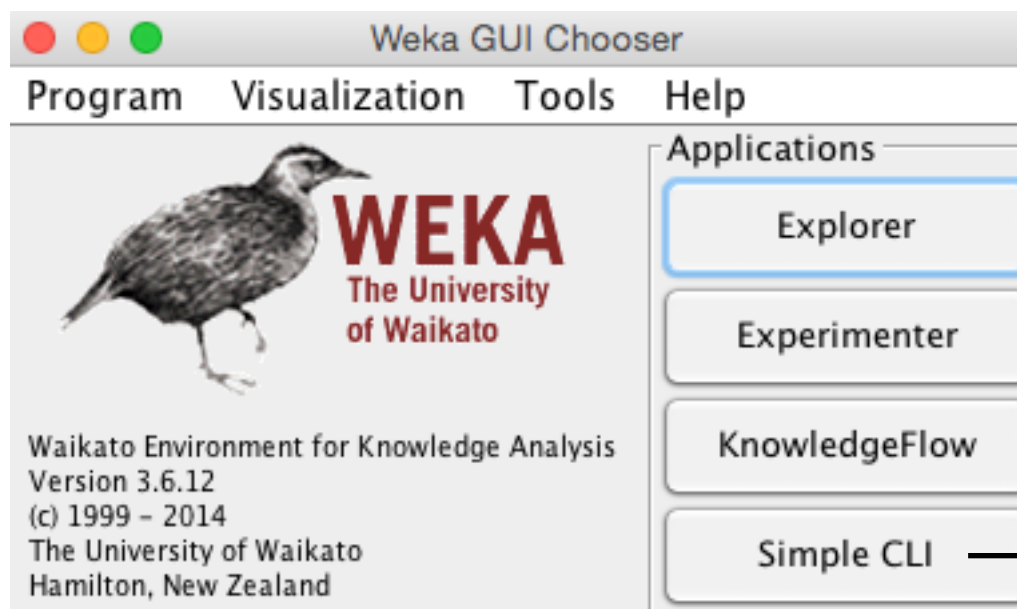
    public void buildClassifier(Instances data){
        //build your model here
    }

    public double classifyInstance(Instance instance){
        //Use your model to classify an input instance
        return 0; //Return the predicted label for instance
    }

    public String[] getOptions(){
        //This function is used to show the list of parameters options
        return new String[0];
    }

    private void someHelperFunction(){
        //Other helper method for your classifier
    }
}
```

After implementing the required methods,
you can proceed to build your classifier ->
jar file



Inside weka CLI

- First you need to generate GenericObjectEditor (GOE) file

```
> java weka.gui.GenericPropertiesCreator \
```

```
$HOME/GenericPropertiesCreator.props \
```

```
$HOME/GenericObjectEditor.props
```

- Then edit the GPC and GOE files to include your custom Classifier. remember To set *UseDynamic* to false

Tell Weka where to discover your Class

```
java -classpath "weka.jar:dummy.jar" weka.gui.GUIChooser
```

At point, you will see your classifier in the Weka GUI and
it is ready to be used with your data

Resources

- **1. Weka Documentation**

- <http://weka.sourceforge.net/doc.stable/>

- **2. Guide to build custom Classifiers for Weka and integrate the custom Classifier into Weka GUI**

- <http://cns-classes.bu.edu/cn710/uploads/Main/WekaNotes.pdf>
- <https://weka.wikispaces.com/GenericObjectEditor+%28developer+version%29>

Scikit-learn

Python preliminaries

- Class & Objects (you maybe able to get away without it)
- Python scripting basics
- If you are unfamiliar with python, you can follow this tutorial
- **<https://docs.python.org/2/tutorial/index.html>**

Setting up Python Environment

- **pip** is a python package manager. If you have python version $\geq 2.7.9$, pip is already installed
- Otherwise, download this python script
 - <https://bootstrap.pypa.io/get-pip.py>
- Then run the following command
 - `> python get-pip.py`

Now that pip is setup, you can install dependencies for scikitlearn

Scikit-learn requires:

- Python (≥ 2.6 or ≥ 3.3),
- NumPy ($\geq 1.6.1$),
- SciPy (≥ 0.9).

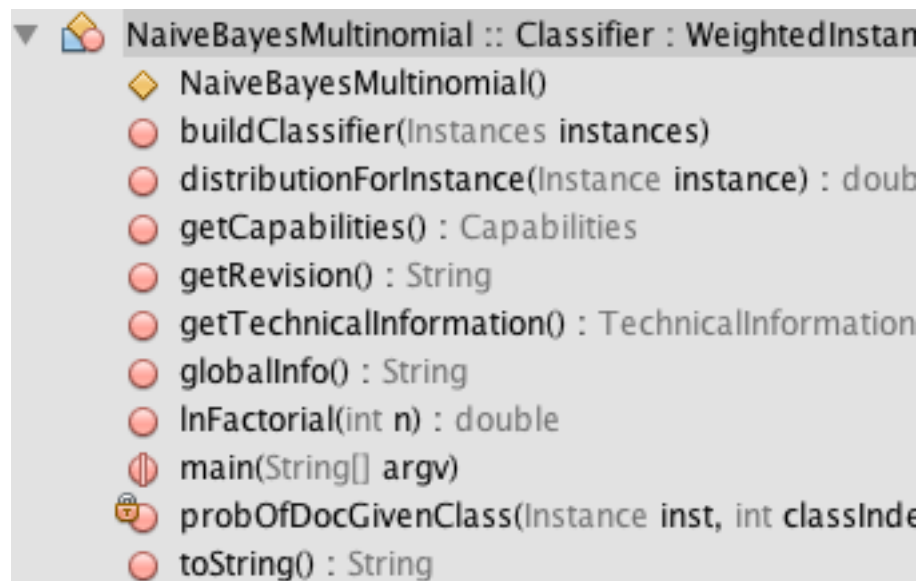
```
> pip install numpy  
> pip install scipy
```

After complete installing both dependencies, you can install sklearn

```
pip install -U scikit-learn
```

The idea is very similar to weka.

Weka Multinomial NB



In fact, you will find that documentations for the 2 platforms closely resemble each other

Scikit Multinomial NB

Methods

<code>fit (X, y[, sample_weight])</code>	Fit Naive Bayes classifier according to X, y
<code>get_params ([deep])</code>	Get parameters for this estimator.
<code>partial_fit (X, y[, classes, sample_weight])</code>	Incremental fit on a batch of samples.
<code>predict (X)</code>	Perform classification on an array of test vectors X.
<code>predict_log_proba (X)</code>	Return log-probability estimates for the test vector X.
<code>predict_proba (X)</code>	Return probability estimates for the test vector X.
<code>score (X, y[, sample_weight])</code>	Returns the mean accuracy on the given test data and labels.
<code>set_params (**params)</code>	Set the parameters of this estimator.

There isn't a GUI for sklearn but the Python code is very intuitive

Let's take example of building a Multinomial NB classifier

1. import sklearn and build model

```
>>> from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB  
>>> clf = MultinomialNB().fit(X_train_tfidf, twenty_train.target)
```

Train matrix Label Vector

2. predict using the constructed model

```
>>> predicted = clf.predict(X_new_tfidf)
```

Predicted Label vector

3. Just like in weka, you can obtain probability est. for X

```
>>> prob = clf.predict_proba(X)
```

Resources

- **1. Python documentation**

- <https://docs.python.org/2/c-api/index.html>

- **2. Scikit-learn documentation**

- <http://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/classes.html>

Other options



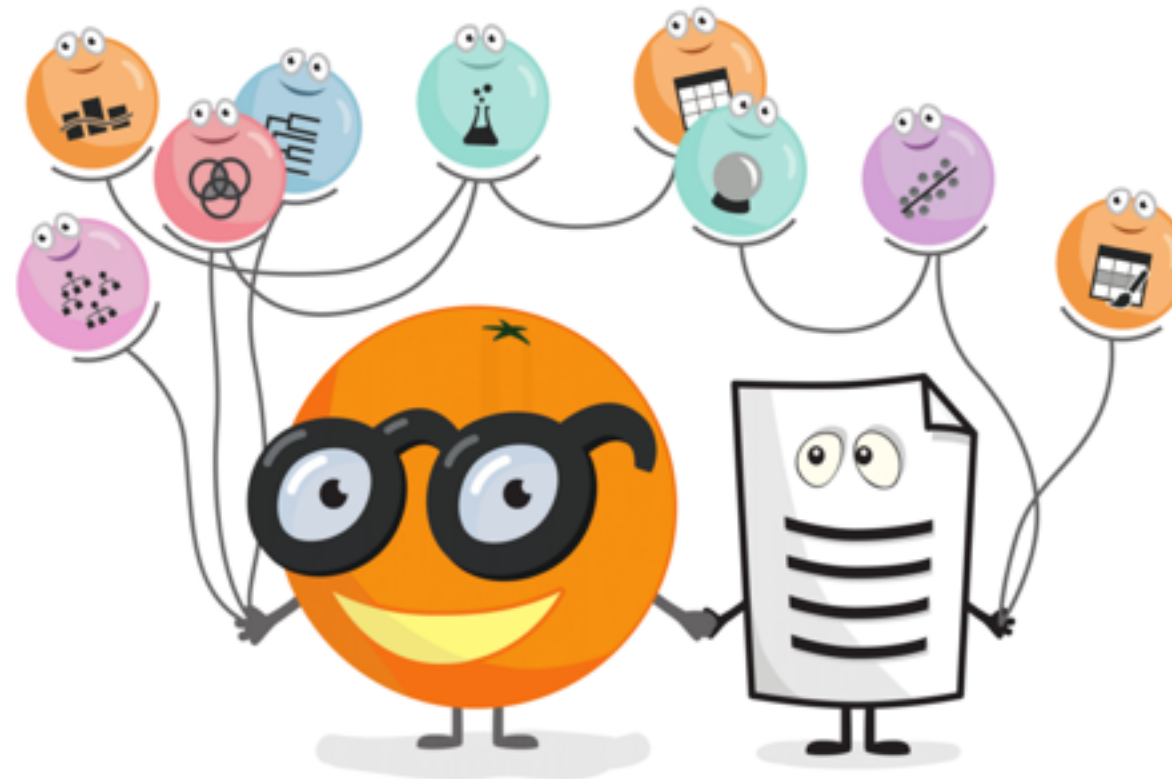
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News

- [R version 3.2.4 \(Very Secure Dishes\) prerelease versions](#) will appear starting Monday 2016-02-29. Final release is scheduled for Thursday 2016-03-10.
- [R version 3.3.0 \(Supposedly Educational\) prerelease versions](#) will appear starting Monday 2016-03-14. Final release is scheduled for Thursday 2016-04-14.
- The [R Logo](#) is available for download in high-resolution PNG or SVG formats.
- [useR! 2016](#), will take place at Stanford University, CA, USA, June 27 - June 30, 2016.
- [The R Journal Volume 7/2](#) is available.
- [R version 3.2.3 \(Wooden Christmas-Tree\)](#) has been released on 2015-12-10.
- [R version 3.1.3 \(Smooth Sidewalk\)](#) has been released on 2015-03-09.

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